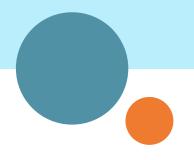


From Theory to Practice

Translating Schemas into Databases and Interfaces



Sarah Vela MERIDIAN

Overview

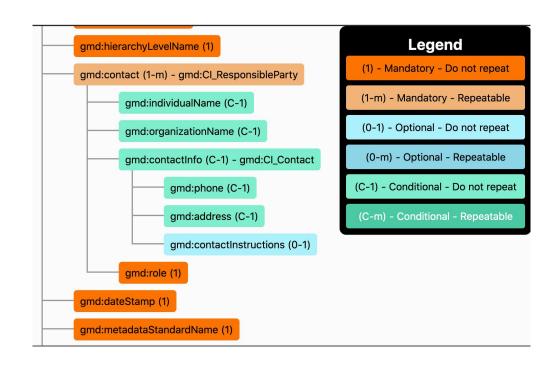


- Introduction to the example case
- Why do schemas differ from tools? Some thoughts...
- Translating a schema
 - How it works
 - Towards a schema translation language
- Examples from the MERIDIAN Discovery Portal development





- Visual version of profile: https://docs.meridian.cs.dal.ca/metadata/
- Tree structure indicates the hierarchy of classes, subclasses, and elements
- One of three requirement types:
 - Mandatory must be included
 - Optional can be included at user's discretion
 - Conditional may be required depending on a given condition
- Repeatable or non-repeatable
 - How many times an element can be included



The MERIDIAN Discovery Portal and Submission Form



- Online tool meant to support marine resource reuse by helping users find relevant data, software, etc.
- Not a data repository, but a niche search engine
- Relies primarily on manual metadata submission by resource holders
- Five types of resources:
 - Software
 - Model Output
 - Vessel-tracking Data
 - Acoustic Data
 - Bioacoustic Data



People or organizations involved in the product

You can either load an existing entity using the dropdown mew entity. An entity may be an organization (in which case, name) or a person. You can drag and drop this field to reor order used in the citation.



2021-01-20 - Webinar - MERIDIAN

To contribute: https://discovery.meridian.cs.dal.ca/index.is

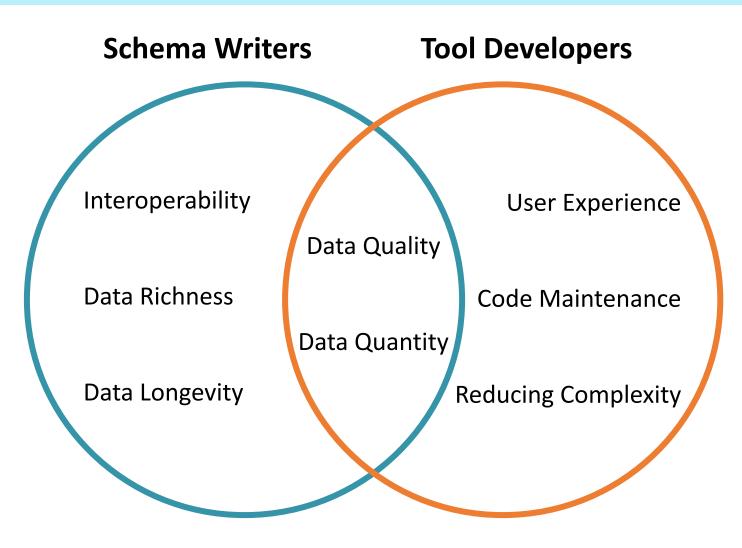




- Schemas are very important
 - Speed up development
 - Prevent costly errors
 - Ensure tools are as useful as they can be
- Schemas are often not made by developers
 - Made by information specialists and subject-domain experts
 - Collaborative or heavily negotiated not looking for further input
- Schemas want to be blueprints
 - Often difficult to translate directly
 - Arguably not desirable to translate directly

Competing Priorities





Design Philosophy

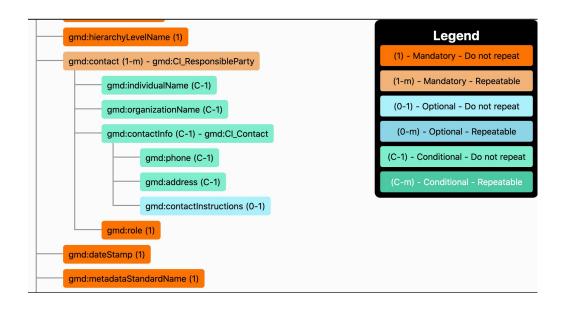








- Relationships
- Repeatable classes and elements
- Requirement types
 - Mandatory
 - Optional
 - Conditional

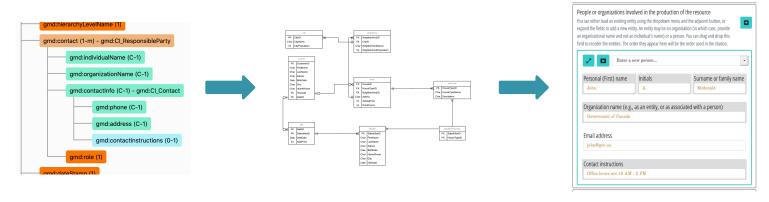






- Defines structure of database tables, form elements
- Gives direction for reusable components

- What works in theory doesn't always work in practice
 - E.g. infinite hierarchies

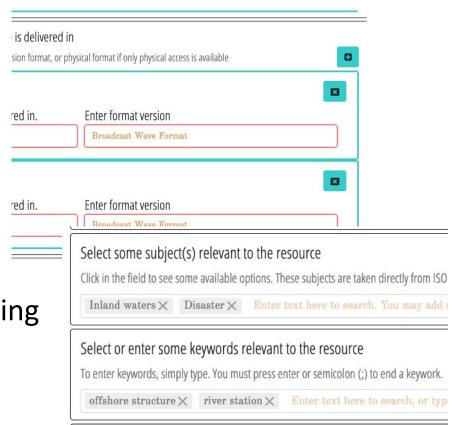


Repeatable



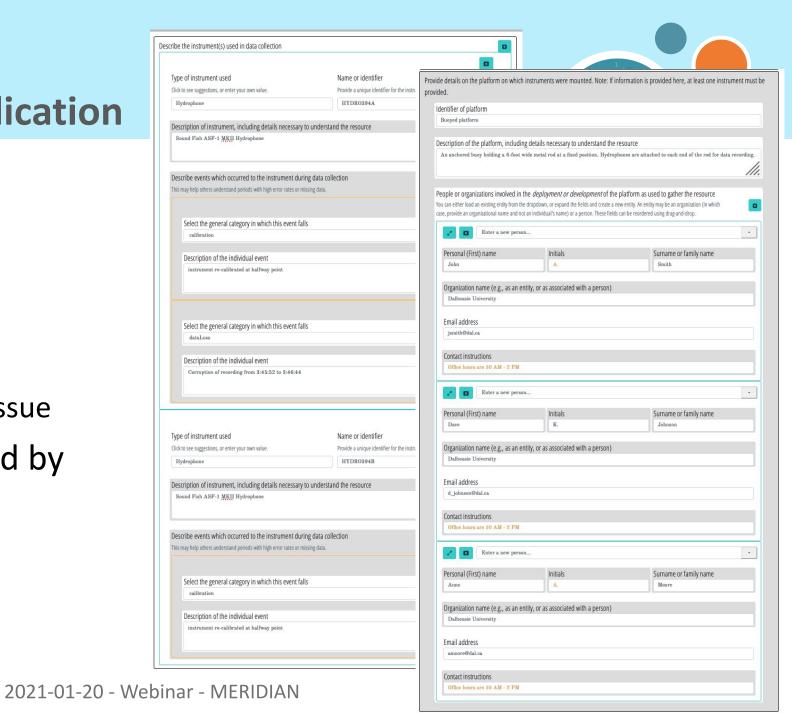
Defines database structure (one-to-one vs. one-to-many)

- JavaScript duplication of fields
 - Leads to overwhelming forms
- Multi-entry tools
 - Require instruction
 - More complicated validation and post-processing



Repeatable – Form Complication

- 2 hydrophones
 - Each calibrated once
 - 1 minor data corruption issue
- Attached to a rig deployed by 3 grad students

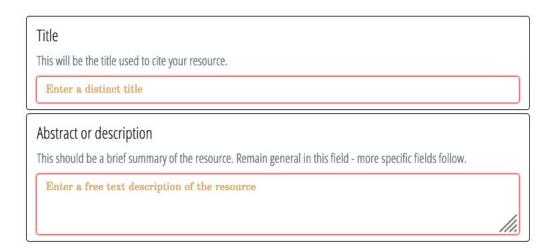


Mandatory



- Form validation
- Database schema requirement
- Gold for search design

- What if the value is not known?
 - Can placeholder values be used?
- Can any of the values be pre-filled?
 - Contextually set values
 - Presumed values (overwritable default)



Resource status Select the status most appropriate to the resource. You can hover over options to see more details. Ongoing

Optional



- Usually indicated with an mark (*) or visual difference
- Limited search use risks not returning relevant results

- Relational databases empty fields increase size
- Code has to accommodate value maybe not existing
- Too many optional fields crowd forms and dissuade users

Select or enter the license applied to th
Free text input is allowed if the license you use is

Enter text here to search, or hit enter to

Resource version identifier

Most relevant if substantial changes may occur be

2.1

Conditional



- The nature of the condition is paramount
- Simple conditions:
 - Different forms
 - Responsive forms
 - Responsive search
- Complicated conditions:
 - Provide clear instructions
 - Catch what you can (e.g. custom validation)
 - Hope

Whenever gmd:CI_Citation is used, there must be at least one gmd:CI_Citation with at least one gmd:contactInfo containing an electronic address



You must provide either an email address or phone number for at least one person





Schema Term	Development Term	Description
Mandatory	Mandatory - Default	Value is predictable (with or without override option)
	Mandatory	If they don't know, we don't want the data
Mandatory/Conditional	Mandatory - Unknown	If they really don't know, we still want the data
Conditional	Conditional – One Of	One field from a set is mandatory, but not each
	Conditional – If/Then	If a field has a value, others are mandatory
Optional	Optional - Compromise	We would make this mandatory if we could
	Optional - Other	Could be collapsed into one field with example values
	Optional - Fishing	Very low likelihood of user completion, deprioritize

Thank you!
Any questions?

